

Patent and Trademark Office

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	APPLICATION NO.	ATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR			ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	
٢	09/206,720 -	12/07/98	WILSON		K	20WILSON/BOA EXAMINER
	LYON & LYO	•	PM92/0315	· · · · : [APPAUNITY	IAN, F PAPER NUMBER
	SUITE 4700	NASSI IFTH STREET B, CA 90071		. •	DATE MAÎLÊD	: //

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks





Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/206,720

Applicant(s)

Examiner

Group Art Unit

Wilson et al.

Frank Vanaman

3611

Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Feb 24, 200</u>	
☐ This action is FINAL .	
☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance exc in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle	cept for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed e, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. F	s set to expire <u>3</u> month(s), or thirty days, whichever failure to respond within the period for response will cause the extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of
Disposition of Claims	
X Claim(s) 1-9, 23, and 24	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
☐ Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
	is/are rejected.
	is/are objected to.
☐ Claims	are subject to restriction or election requirement.
Application Papers	
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent D	Drawing Review, PTO-948.
☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are	objected to by the Examiner.
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on	is 🗖 approved 🗖 disapproved.
$\hfill\Box$ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
\square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	iner.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
☐ All ☐ Some* ☐ None of the CERTIFIED co	opies of the priority documents have been
received.	
☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Seri	
☐ received in this national stage application fro *Certified copies not received:	om the international Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).
Attachment(s)	
X Notice of References Cited, PTO-892	
☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Pa	aper No(s)
☐ Interview Summary, PTO-413	
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, P	PTO-948
☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152	
SEE OFFICE ACTION	N ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES

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Continued Prosecution Application

1. The request filed on Feb. 24, 2000 for a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) under 37 CFR 1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 09/206,720 is acceptable and a CPA has been established. An action on the CPA follows.

Status of Claims

2. Applicant's preliminary amendment filed with the Request for a Continued Prosecution Application has been entered in the application, claims 1-9, 23 and 24 remain pending, claims 10-22 and 25-28 being canceled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. Claims 3-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In claim 3, line 3, the term "said hollow rails" lacks antecedent basis in view of applicant's amendment to lines 1 and 2 of the same claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- Claims 1-5, 7-9, 23 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tibbals (cited previously) in view of Schorr (cited previously) and Smisek (US 5,267,743). Tibbals teaches a sports board (10) having top, bottom and side surfaces, with upturned front and rear ends (fig. 2), the ends having arcuate shaped portions, the board having a plurality of hollow sections extending between the front and rear ends of the board, including a central keel portion (between ridges 16) having a width greater than its height (see fig. 4), and extending between a bottom surface of the ridges (16) and top surface of the board, as broadly claimed; and a pair of

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laterally spaced side sections (defined between the board rim, the top surface and bottom surfaces of respective ridges 16), the board underside carrying front and rear wheel trucks (6, 8). The reference of Tibbals fails to teach the board as being made from aluminum. Schorr teaches a skate board having an upwardly concave profile and optionally made from a metal. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make the board of Tibbals from a metal as taught by Schorr for the purpose of providing a generally lightweight, yet strong and durable board structure. The reference of Tibbals as modified by Schorr fails to specifically teach the metal as being aluminum, however aluminum is very well known for its strength to weight ratio and the ease with which it may be machined and worked. As such, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make the board of Tibbals as modified to be metallic by Schorr out of aluminum in order to facilitate a simple manufacturing process. Further it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the upwardly concave cross section as suggested by Schorr to the cross sectional shape of the skateboard of Tibbals for the purpose of allowing a rider's feet to parallel the riding surface, even under turning conditions (Schorr at col. 2, lines 56-63, for example).

The reference of Tibbals as modified by Schorr fails to teach the keel and adjacent side sections as being closed cavities. Smisek teaches a skateboard having a top board (22) having a bottom surface and a lower cover (34) positioned below the bottom of the top board. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a lower cover to cover the bottom surface of the skate board of Tibbals as modified by Schorr forming a cover over the lower extents of the side sections and keel, for the purpose of providing a smooth underside to the board, allowing easy sliding over larger objects and/or rougher terrain (see Smisek at col. 2, lines 5-9 and 32-55).

As regards claims 23 and 24, the reference of Tibbals as modified by Schorr and Smisek fails to provide particular force to deflection characteristics for the sports board, however, it is

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generally well known to adjust cross sections of elements to obtain different stress-strain characteristics and as such it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to select the material characteristics, for example the thickness, of the board such that deflection is limited under particular loadings for the purpose of tuning the board by stiffening it.

6. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tibbals as modified by Schorr and Smisek as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Endo (cited previously). The reference of Tibbals as modified by Schorr and Smisek fails to teach plastic end guards connected to the ends of the board. Endo et al. teach a sports board having a board structure with ends to which are attached resilient guards (2, 3). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide resilient guards as taught by Endo et al. to the front and rear ends of the sports board of Tibbals as modified by Schorr and Smisek for the purpose of protecting the board from abrasion during usage.

Conclusion

- 7. The examiner notes that claim 26, previously indicated to contain allowable subject matter (in paper no. 10), has been canceled from this application
- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Welsh (US 5,236,208) and Giorgio (US 5,312,258) teach skateboard structures of pertinence.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frank Vanaman whose telephone number is (703) 308-0424. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 305-3597 or 305-7687 (for formal communications intended for entry; informal or draft communications may be faxed to the same number but should be clearly labeled "UNOFFICIAL" or "DRAFT")

FRANK B. VANAMAN
Patent Examiner
Art Unit 3611

March 14, 2000